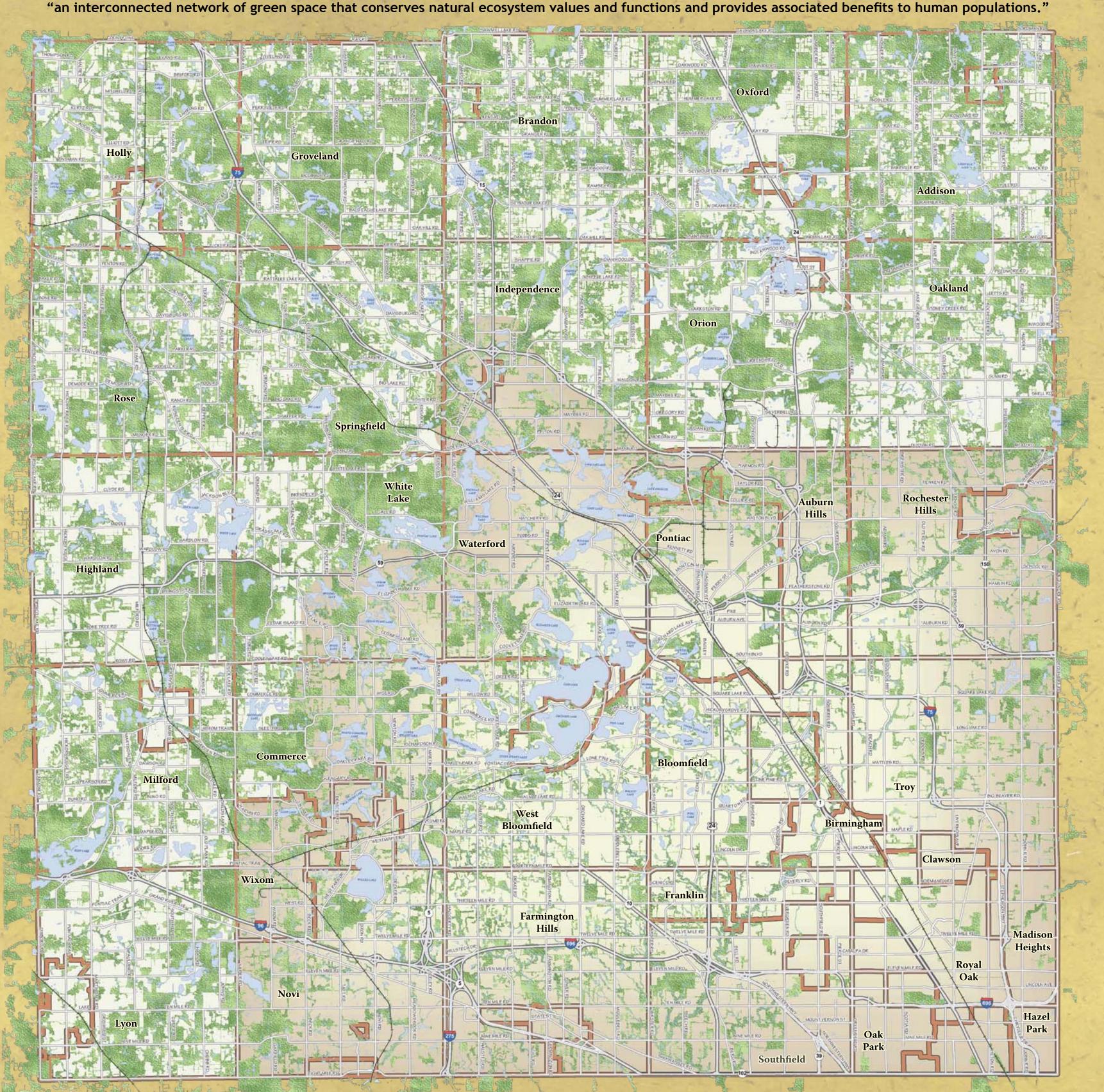


Green Infrastructure Vision



Oakland County, Michigan

Mark A. Benedict and Edward T. McMahon, of the Conservation Fund, defined the term green infrastructure as:





Lakes & Rivers: Oakland County nas over 1,400 natural lakes.



Green Infrastructure Vision: Hubs, sites, and links make up this network of connected open



Urban Boundary: Green Infrastructure in the urban landscape takes on a different look and feel. By integrating techniques like rain gardens, green roofs, street trees, and pervious pavement, a community can help to reduce stormwater runoff and improve air quality.



Municipal Boundary: There are 61 local units of government in Oakland County.



experience green infrastructure



Nature Walk Oakland Township



Fishing the Clinton River City of Rochester Hills



Network Anchor

(Hub) Large

Natural Area



Nature Exploration Rose Township



Kayaking the Rouge River City of Southfield



Native Plant Garden City of Pontiac



Scenic Overlook Addison Township



Rain Garden City of Rochester Hills



Ellis Barn Springfield Township



Natural Areas Rose Township

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Lakes, Rivers, & Streams

Oxford Township



Recreational Opportunities Independence Township



Trail Connections City of Rochester Hills



Native Landscaping City of Farmington Hills



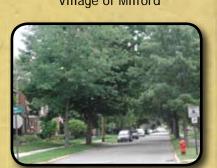
Green Roofs Addison Township



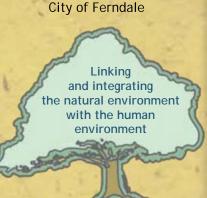
Conservation Development Springfield Township



Schoolyard Habitats Village of Milford



Street Trees



What is Green Infrastructure?

The building blocks for Green Infrastructure are hubs, sites, and links. The following definitions were used throughout the Oakland County Green Infrastructure community work sessions and visioning process:

These large, contiguous areas are the foundation of the network and contain a large amount of core habitat for plants and animals. Hubs act as origins and destinations for a wide variety of living things, are typically greater than 250 acres in size, and include at least one Priority One Potential Natural Area.*

*Due to a community's individual level of development, some hubs may be smaller in size and may not include Potential Natural Areas.

Site These areas are smaller than hubs in size and contain less core habitat; however, they are an essential component to the natural network. These areas include

and other open space.

the landscape.

Link The linear connections between hubs and sites are a vital component to the functionality of the entire network. Without linkages, the hubs and sites, in essence, become fragmented islands within

smaller wetland complexes, small woodlots,

Not all Green Infrastructure projects have the same goals and each project may include a variety of land types containing a mixture of ecological values. Using the Vision will place these projects in context and encourage environmental thinking that crosses political boundaries.

he County's Role Understanding the value of Oakland County's natural heritage and developing a shared long term preservation vision is a critical first step in preserving our natural assets. Oakland County's Green Infrastructure Vision

is this long term, interconnected vision created at the local level by engaged communities. At a series of work sessions, facilitated by Oakland County between 2005 and 2009, community participants inventoried existing natural features, established collaboration opportunities, and considered how to set and achieve future conservation goals. Programs and strategies, which letwork Anchor both support the environment and recognize the demands of the economy, provide a balanced and sustainable approach to

land use planning. The County provides Green Infrastructure capacity building assistance to local governments, businesses, work groups, and individual citizens in both urban and rural

Your Role Within this Green Infrastructure planning effort, all stakeholders should have the opportunity to create and implement their unique piece of the shared vision. No one is more familiar with your community than you. As a resident, business, non-profit organization or elected official, you are in a unique position to lead in raising awareness about the need for locally based Green Infrastructure. You have the ability to influence and promote proactive conservation that fosters sustainable environmental, social, and economic health within your community. Use the County's Green Infrastructure Vision to help start the discussion, form partnerships, and place your projects within a larger planning context.

What are the benefits?



Taking a comprehensive, integrated approach to Green Infrastructure creates a multitude of environmental, social, and economic benefits that foster healthy and sustainable communities. When considering associated Green Infrastructure benefits, it's important to keep in mind that even seemingly small projects, when taken together, have a meaningful impact. By highlighting the connection between the environmental, social, and economic benefits associated with Green Infrastructure, we support a strong sense of place and create the basis for innovative solutions that support all stakeholders.

Natural Assets = Higher Property Values

In 2007, Michigan State University's Land Policy Institute conducted a study that focused on the valuation of Green Infrastructure in Michigan. Results of the study indicate that, specific to Oakland County, Green Infrastructure amenities contribute significantly to residential property values.

These findings highlight the property value implications of Green Infrastructure assets and the increased tax benefits that local governments accrue due to those

> Water Resources Property within 50 feet of a body of water has a 21.5% property value increase.

> Property within a half-mile to a mile of trails has a 6.3% property value increase. Natural Areas/Open Space Property within 50 feet of recreational

lands has a 3.1% property value increase.

Trail/Path Network

The Land Policy Institute (www.landpolicy.msu.edu) provides science-based information to inform policy-making at the state and local level.



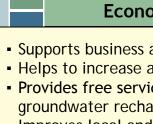
Environmental Benefits

- Provides habitat and biodiversity Reduces air, noise, and water pollution
- Safeguards natural and historic assets Manages stormwater
- Helps mitigate the effects of climate change

Provides outdoor learning environments

Social Benefits

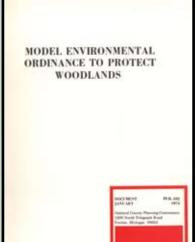
- Helps to build a sense of place
- Creates recreational opportunities Improves health and wellness

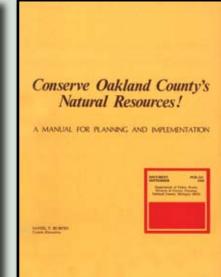


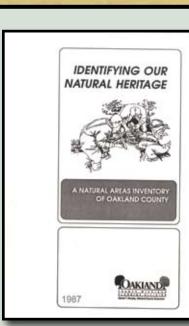
Economic Benefits

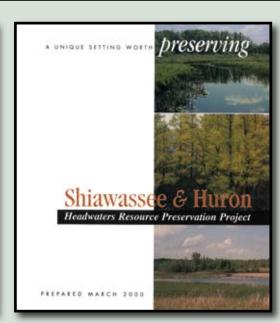
- Supports business attraction
- Helps to increase and maintain property values Provides free services (water filtration,
- groundwater recharging, stormwater control)
- Improves local and regional tourism

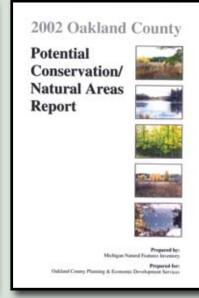
Over Thirty Years of Natural Resource Identification & Preservation

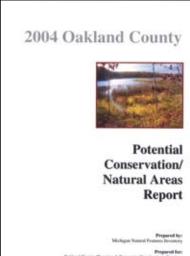


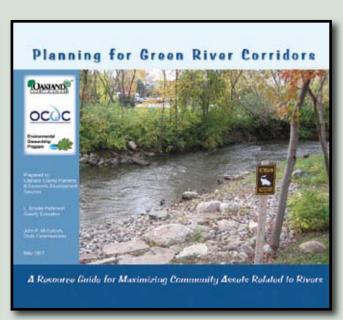


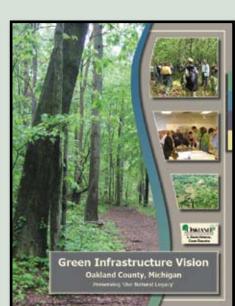












1974

The Model Environmental Ordinance to **Protect Woodlands** provides language for local community planning and zoning documents.

1980

Conserve Oakland County's Natural Resources looks at ways to conserve natural resources through community land use planning.

1987

<u>Identifying Our</u> Natural Heritage explores and identifies Oakland County's existing, intact natural areas that contain high quality, relatively undisturbed natural communities.

2000

The Shiawassee & Huron Headwaters Resource Preservation Project delineates significant natural resource systems and focuses on planning related strategies to protect the identified resource

2002

The 2002 Oakland County Potential Conservation/ Natural Areas Report identifies and ranks potential natural areas in Oakland County.

2004

The 2004 Oakland County Potential Conservation/Natural Areas Report is an update to the 2002 document, and it also identifies and ranks potential natural areas in Oakland County.

2007

Planning for Green River Corridors is designed as a guide for community leaders and stakeholders to identify the resources associated with riparian areas and maximize those resources as community assets.

2009

The Oakland County Green Infrastructure <u>Vision</u> highlights the network of connected open space and the associated benefits in Oakland County.

connecting communities

Multi-Scale Approach



Scale allows for the consideration backyard rain gardens to intact forests. By linking local plans to the overall County Vision, we help support the integrity of the larger resource network and create opportunities for coordination between conservation efforts. The County's Vision is intended to

not only provide a basis for the overall interconnected system of open spaces and natural areas, but to encourage and support the integration of best land management practices into the local project design.

Examples of various levels of detail and scale can be described as:

 Project Scale (highly specific) Examples include: green buildings, rain gardens, and natural landscaping Community Scale (specific)

Examples include: conservation developments, parks, and local zoning ordinances Landscape Scale (general) Examples include:

an interconnected network

of open spaces, natural

areas, and waterways Green Infrastructure actions should span multiple scales, but it's at the local level where most of the on-the-ground

implementation takes place.



The key to a successful, comprehensive Green Infrastructure approach is looking for multi-scale opportunities. From protecting large blocks of high quality natural areas to tending an urban garden, all contribute to the overall Vision and will ultimately help make it a reality.



Natural Area Advisory Group

Formed in 2004, the Oakland County Natural Area Advisory Group brings together a variety of organizations and individuals interested in advancing Green Infrastructure efforts

throughout Oakland County. The Natural Area Advisory Group also played a major role in developing the Green Infrastructure process and guiding the countywide visioning effort.

Conservation approaches that focus on individual pieces of land without considering surrounding landscapes are limiting their potential success. Conservation efforts can be maximized by being proactive in the planning process and taking advantage of potential partnerships. The Natural Area Advisory Group meetings provide an excellent opportunity to highlight a multitude of potential land and partnership opportunities that reach far beyond the actual project site. Meetings are held quarterly and are open to anyone interested in sharing, learning, and collaborating on various conservation topics related to multi-level Green Infrastructure efforts.



Vision

natural networks

To become an informed, coordinated, collaborative body that adds value to preservation efforts that contribute to Oakland County's Green Infrastructure.

Mission

To collaborate, coordinate, and support initiatives that preserve natural lands and resources in order to enhance the quality of life for the residents of Oakland County.

Goals

- 1. Pursue establishing partnerships in both the public and private
- 2. Facilitate the development of a joint county conservation (Green Infrastructure) vision
- 3. Explore funding mechanisms



«regional focus

Green Infrastructure efforts around the State of Michigan:

OWIId Link Conservation Resource Alliance West Michigan Strategic Alliance O Growing Greener in Southwest Michigan Saginaw Bay Greenways Collaborative Greening Mid-Michigan OGenesee, Lapeer, & Shiawassee Green Links

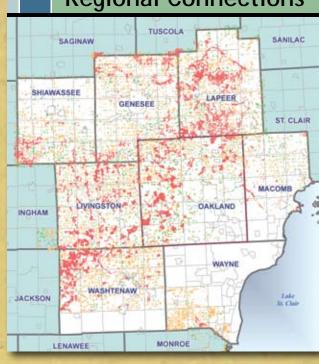
Oakland County Green Infrastructure Vision

Macomb County



Statewide Efforts

Regional Connections



Many organizations within southeastern Michigan have identified potential natural areas based on the Michigan Natural Features Inventory (MNFI) model. The MNFI is an organization that maintains a continuously updated database of Michigan's endangered, threatened, or special concern plant and animal species, natural communities, and other natural features.

«landscape focus»

Oakland County's collaborative communitybased Green Infrastructure Vision:

 acts as the foundation for an integrated conservation network

 builds on individual community efforts promotes collaboration

 helps to sustain our cities, townships, and villages



County Vision

Local Opportunities



Detailed local scale Green Infrastructure

- show location of hubs, sites, links, restoration areas, and special places
- build on existing local efforts
- extending beyond community boundaries place local efforts into a larger context
- highlight connected open space



Green Infrastructure components in

the urban landscape can include:

Green Infrastructure Links

Restoration Opportunities

Trail Connections

Native Landscaping

O Rain Garden

Green Building

Stream Buffer

site focus»





- A community can create buffer requirements in the local zoning ordinance to help stabilize and protect river banks and lake shores.
- Homes built in the 1960s did not include a vegetated buffer at the water's edge
- Homes built in the 2000s

incorporated a vegetated buffer

built from the bottom up

based on science



Oakland County is blessed with an abundance of healthy and unique natural resources. This natural advantage contributes to the environmental and economic quality of life for our residents and businesses. Our Green Infrastructure Vision was created to recognize and maintain this natural



advantage. This vision provides a road map into the future and creates opportunities for people to connect to the land through trails, parks, and waterways. Through planning, we can help decrease the costs of public infrastructure and public services such as stormwater management and water treatment systems. Our collective foresight and ability to work together on these complex planning issues help secure Oakland County's livability, prosperity, and continued status as a world-class business leader.

L. Brooks Patterson, Oakland County Executive



Prepared by: Oakland County Michigan

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