..... (Original Signature of Member)

116TH CONGRESS 2D Session

tilities in or against Iran.

Directing the President pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution to terminate the use of United States Armed Forces to engage in hos-

H. CON. RES.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. SLOTKIN submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on

## **CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

Directing the President pursuant to section 5(c) of the War Powers Resolution to terminate the use of United States Armed Forces to engage in hostilities in or against Iran.

- 1 Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate
- 2 concurring),

3 SECTION 1. TERMINATION OF USE OF UNITED STATES
4 ARMED FORCES TO ENGAGE IN HOSTILITIES
5 IN OR AGAINST IRAN.

6 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-

7 ings:

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(1) The Government of Iran is a leading state
 sponsor of terrorism and engages in a range of de stabilizing activities across the Middle East. Iranian
 General Qassem Soleimani was the lead architect of
 much of Iran's destabilizing activities throughout the
 world.

7 (2) The United States has an inherent right to
8 self-defense against imminent armed attacks. The
9 United States maintains the right to ensure the
10 safety of diplomatic personnel serving abroad.

(3) In matters of imminent armed attacks, the
executive branch should indicate to Congress why
military action was necessary within a certain window of opportunity, the possible harm that missing
the window would cause, and why the action was
likely to prevent future disastrous attacks against
the United States.

(4) The United States has national interests in
preserving its partnership with Iraq and other countries in the region, including by—

21	(A) combating terrorists, including the Is-
22	lamic State of Iraq and Syria (ISIS);
23	(B) preventing Iran from achieving a nu-

24 clear weapons capability; and

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(C) supporting the people of Iraq, Iran,
 and other countries throughout the Middle East
 who demand an end to government corruption
 and violations of basic human rights.

5 (5) Over the past eight months, in response to 6 rising tensions with Iran, the United States has in-7 troduced over 15,000 additional forces into the Mid-8 dle East. The killing of Iranian General Qassem 9 Soleimani, as well as Iran's ballistic missile attack 10 on Iraqi bases, risks significant escalation in hos-11 tilities between the United States and Iran.

(6) When the United States uses military force,
the American people and members of the United
States Armed Forces deserve a credible explanation
regarding such use of military force.

(7) The War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C.
17 1541 et seq.) requires the President to consult with
Congress "in every possible instance" before introducing United States Armed Forces into hostilities.
(8) Congress has not authorized the President
to use military force against Iran.

(b) TERMINATION.—Pursuant to section 5(c) of the
War Powers Resolution (50 U.S.C. 1544(c)), Congress
hereby directs the President to terminate the use of
United States Armed Forces to engage in hostilities in or

against Iran or any part of its government or military,
 unless—

3 (1) Congress has declared war or enacted spe4 cific statutory authorization for such use of the
5 Armed Forces; or

6 (2) such use of the Armed Forces is necessary 7 and appropriate to defend against an imminent 8 armed attack upon the United States, its territories 9 or possessions, or its Armed Forces, consistent with 10 the requirements of the War Powers Resolution.

11 (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-12 tion may be construed—

13 (1) to prevent the President from using military
14 force against al Qaeda or associated forces;

15 (2) to limit the obligations of the executive
16 branch set forth in the War Powers Resolution (50
17 U.S.C. 1541 et seq.);

(3) to affect the provisions of an Act or joint
resolution of Congress specifically authorizing the
use of United States Armed Forces to engage in
hostilities against Iran or any part of its government
or military that is enacted after the date of the
adoption of this concurrent resolution;

24 (4) to prevent the use of necessary and appro-25 priate military force to defend United States allies

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- 1 and partners if authorized by Congress consistent
- 2 with the requirements of the War Powers Resolu-
- 3 tion; or
  - (5) to authorize the use of military force.